

A fungicide for the control of stem base, bliar and ear diseases in winter and spring wheat, "...um wheat, v inter rye, triticale, and winter and point barley and outs.

For professional use only

An emulsifiable concentrate for julation containing 160 g/L prothioconar are and 3. 2 g/L spiroxamine.

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Safety information

HELIX

UFI: KU70-70K5-H001-1Y38 Contains 160 g/L prothioconazole and 300 g/L spiroxamine and N,N,-Dimethyl decanamide.



Warning

Harmful) swa 'ow d or inhaled. Causer skin irritation. Caur es la ious eye irritation. Nov cause respiratory irritation. Sus, acced of damaging the unborn child. May lause damage to organs (Eyes) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eve protection/face protection Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor/physician if

you feel unwell.

Protect from sunlight. Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous waste disposal contractor or collection site except for triple rinsed empty containers which can be disposed of as nonhazardous waste.

Contains Spiroxamine and 2-[2-(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-2-hydroxy-3phenylpropyl]-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3thione. May produce an allergic reaction.

To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

PCS No. 05067

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SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Operator Protection

Avoid contact with skin.

Environmental Protection

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container. (Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads).

To protect aquatic organisms respect an unsprayed buffer zone of 5 m to surface there bodies. Spray must be aimed away from witten

Storage and Disposal

Do not re-use container for any other purpose.

Keep out of reach of children.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingsture

RINS. JOHTA IER THOROUGHLY by using ar integrated pressure rinsing device or nanially masing three times. Add washings to shayer at time of filling and uspose of safely.

PRUTECT FROM FFIL ST.

STORE IN A COULL RY PLACE.

READ ALL INCTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE USE.



To access the **Safety Data Sheet** for this product scan the code or use the link below:

www.bayercropscience.ie/sds/helix.pdf

or alternatively contact your supplier

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IMPORTANT: This information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be read carefully in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

Helix is a mixture of a triazolinthione and spiroketoalamine fungicide recommended for control of a wide range of diseases on winter and spring barley, winter and spring oats, winter and spring wheat, durum wheat, triticale and winter rye.

RATE OF USE

Crop	Maximum individual dose	Maximum number of applicaง ากร	Latest time of application
Winter and spring wheat, durum wheat, triticale and winter rye	1.25 litres product per hectare	2 per s. quent	At any stage before caryopsis watery ripe (CC-71)
Winter and spring barley and oats	1.25 litres product per hectare	2 _k er season*	1t any stage before beginning of flowering (GS 61)

^{*}There must be a 14 day interval between treat nents

Method of application

Tracio....iounted/trailer spil ver

A spray pressure of 2-3 bar is recommended. Apply as a medium spray quality.

Apply Helix in 100 to 300 lifes or water per Latare. The riigher spray volumes are recommended where the crop is dension disease pressule / risk is high to ensure good penetration to the lower leaves and ster pases. Linease control haybe compromised by reducing water volumes, where good spray covernge is difficult to actieve.

DISEASES CONTROLLED

Disease	Vheat	Barley	Oats	Triticale	Rye
Eyespot (Oculimacula spp.)	R	R	R	R	R
Septoria Leaf Blotch (Mycosphaerella graminicola)	MC			MC	MC
Glume Blotch (Stagonospora nodorum)	MC				MC
Powdery Mildew (Blumeria graminis)	С	С	С	С	С

Disease	Wheat	Barley	Oats	Triticale	Rye
Yellow Rust	С	С		С	
Brown Rust	MC	С		С	С
Crown Rust			С		
Tan Spot	MC				
Net blotch		С			
Fusarium Ear blight	MC	MC	. /	MC	MC
Sooty Moulds	R	R		R	R
Rhynchosporium Leaf Blotch		9		С	С

Eyespot (Oculimacula spp.)

Spray in the spring at the first sign of disease, from when the leaf sheaths begoes to become erect until the 2nd node is detectable (GS 30-32).

Septoria Leaf Spot and Glume Blotch My. osp. laerella gr., ninic ola and Stagonospora nodorum)

Apply before disease is established in the cop. To protect the upper saves and ear apply Helix at full flag leaf emergence (GS 37) up a mid-flowering (GS 65). Where disease pressure remains high application may be repeated

Applications to upper leaves where \$\int \text{tritici}\$ symptoms an present are likely to be less effective.

Take all precautionant measures to reduce the celection measure for insensitive *Septoria tritici* strains (e.g. tankmix with product having a different mode of action which is active against *Septoria.*). Consult your a viser for up to date guidence regarding current resistance status and a strategy for precenting and managing resistance of the cereal pathogens listed on the label.

The Fungicide Resistance Action committie (RAC) produces recommendations that may be consulted for additional information.

Powdery Mildew (Blume ria e ramiius)

Apply Helix at the first signs of ciscuse. Where disease pressure remains high application may be repeated.

Yellow Rust (Puccinia striiformis)

Brown Rust (Puccinia hordei and P recondita)

Crown Rust (Puccinia coronata)

Apply Helix at the first signs of disease. A second application may be made 2-3 weeks later if re-infection occurs. Applications made to established infections are likely to be less effective.

Tan Spot (Pyrenophora tritici-repensis)

Apply Helix at the first signs of disease in spring or early summer. Where disease pressure remains high application may be repeated.

Ear Disease Complex

Apply Helix soon after ear emergence until the end of flowering (GS 59-69). Control of ear diseases can result in cleaner, brighter ears.

Leaf Blotch (Rhynchosporium secalis)

Apply Helix in spring at the first signs of disease. For severe infections a second application may be necessary 2-3 weeks later.

Net Blotch (Pyrenophora teres)

Apply Helix at the first signs of disease in spring/early summer. For severe infections, a second application 2-3 weeks later will give most effective control when conditions remain favourable for disease development.

RESISTANCE STRATEGY

Repeated application of Helix alone should to be used on the same for, against a high risk pathogen such as cereal powdery mildey. Tank mixtures or alternation in the function have been shown to project against the usual potent of resistant forms of disease.

Take all precautionary measurer to induce the selection pressure for insensitive Septoria tritici strains (e.g. tankmix with product having a different mode on action which is active against Septoria.). Consult your advicer for up to date guidence legar ling current resistance status and a strategy for preventing and main aging resistance in the cereal pathogens listed on the label. The Fungicide Resistance action Committee (FP CC) produces recommendations that may be consulted for additional information.

CAUTION: The loose is development of a seas is trains resistant to Helix cannot be excluded or predicted. Where such is sistant strains on ur, Helix is unlikely to give satisfactory control.

CROP SPECIFIC INFORMATION

Helix may be used on all count roll valeties of winter and spring barley, winter and spring oats, winter and spring wheat, durum wheat, triticale and winter rye.

Mixing

Thoroughly shake the pack before use.

Add the required quantity of Helix to the half-filled spray tank with the agitation system in operation and then fill to the required level. Continue agitation at all times during spraying and stoppages until the tank is completely empty. Spray immediately after mixing.

General

Sprayers should be thoroughly cleaned before use, and filters and jets checked for damage and blockages.

Boom height should be adjusted to ensure even coverage of the crop, particularly at later growth stages. The correct height is one at which the spray from alternate nozzles meets just above the crop. In dense crops, at later growth stages, higher water volumes should be used.

Spray equipment should be thoroughly cleaned with detergent after use.

